

FEATURES

- ▶ Efficiency up to 82%
- ▶ 1500VDC Isolation
- ▶ MTBF > 1,000,000 Hours
- ▶ 2:1 Wide Input Range
- ▶ Low Cost
- ▶ Temperature Performance -25°C to +85°C
- ▶ UL 94V-0 Package Material
- ▶ Internal SMD Construction
- ▶ Industry Standard Pinout
- ▶ 3 Years Product Warranty



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Minmax's MIW1500-Series power modules operate over input voltage ranges of 4.5-9VDC, 9-18VDC and 18-36VDC which provide precisely regulated output voltages of 5V, 12V, $\pm 12V$ and $\pm 15VDC$.

The -25°C to +85°C operating temperature range makes it ideal for data communication equipments, mobile battery driven equipments, distributed power systems, telecommunication equipments, mixed analog/digital subsystems, process/machine control equipments, computer peripheral systems and industrial robot systems.

The modules have a maximum power rating of 3W and a typical full-load efficiency of 82%, continuous short circuit and 45mA output ripple.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range) VDC	Output Voltage VDC	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current mA(typ.)	Max. capacitive Load μF	Efficiency (typ.) %
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load			
			mA	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)			
MIW1512	5 (4.5 ~ 9)	5	600	60	833	40	100	470	72
MIW1513		12	250	50	789				76
MIW1516		± 12	± 125	± 12.5	779				77
MIW1517		± 15	± 100	± 10	779				77
MIW1522	12 (9 ~ 18)	5	600	60	329	20	30	470	76
MIW1523		12	250	50	313				80
MIW1526		± 12	± 125	± 12.5	313				80
MIW1527		± 15	± 100	± 10	313				80
MIW1532	24 (18 ~ 36)	5	600	60	160	5	15	470	78
MIW1533		12	250	50	152				82
MIW1536		± 12	± 125	± 12.5	152				82
MIW1537		± 15	± 100	± 10	152				82

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	11	VDC
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	25	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	50	
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	5V Input Models	3.5	4	4.5	
	12V Input Models	4.5	7	9	
	24V Input Models	8	12	18	
Under Voltage Shutdown	5V Input Models	---	3.5	4	
	12V Input Models	---	6.5	8.5	
	24V Input Models	---	11	17	
Short Circuit Input Power	All Models	---	1000	2000	mW
Internal Power Dissipation		---	---	2500	mW
Conducted EMI		Compliance to EN 55022, class A			

Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy	At 50% Load and Nominal Vin	---	---	±2.0	%Vom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±0.5	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=10% to 100%	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	25	50	mV _{P-P}
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change	---	300	500	μsec
Transient Response Deviation		---	±3	±6	%
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection	Foldback	120	---	---	%
Short Circuit Protection		Continuous			

General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V	---	350	500	pF
Switching Frequency		200	300	450	kHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	1,000,000	---	---	Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1				

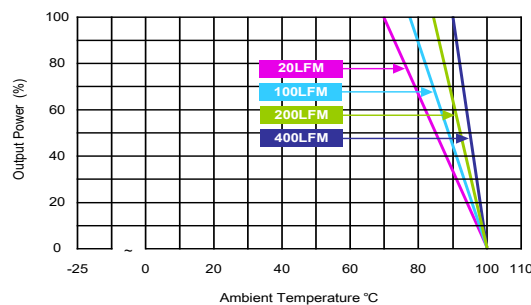
Input Fuse

12V Input Models	24V Input Models	48V Input Models
700mA Slow-Blow Type	350mA Slow-Blow Type	135mA Slow-Blow Type

Environmental Specifications

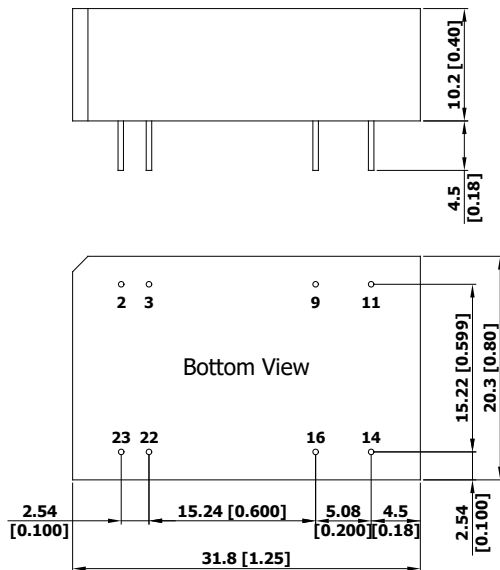
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)		-25	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+100	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

Power Derating Curve



Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 50% to 100%.
- 3 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- 4 These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 5 All DC-DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- 6 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 7 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications
Mechanical Dimensions

Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	Diameter mm (inches)
2	-Vin	-Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
3	-Vin	-Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
9	No Pin	Common	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
11	NC	-Vout	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
14	+Vout	+Vout	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
16	-Vout	Common	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
22	+Vin	+Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
23	+Vin	+Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]

NC: No Connection

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pin diameter tolerance: X.X±0.05 (X.XX±0.002)

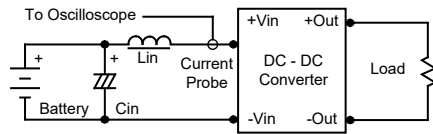
Physical Characteristics

Case Size	: 31.8x20.3x10.2mm (1.25x0.80x0.40 inches)
Case Material	: Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Phosphor Bronze
Weight	: 12.2g

Test Setup

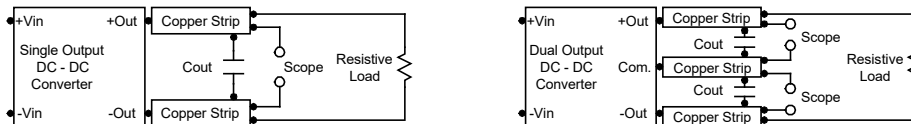
Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} ($4.7\mu H$) and C_{in} ($220\mu F$, $ESR < 1.0\Omega$ at 100 kHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor C_{in} , offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is $0\text{-}500\text{ kHz}$.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} $0.47\mu F$ ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is $0\text{-}20\text{ MHz}$. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.



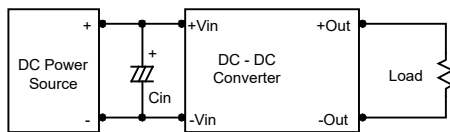
Technical Notes

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

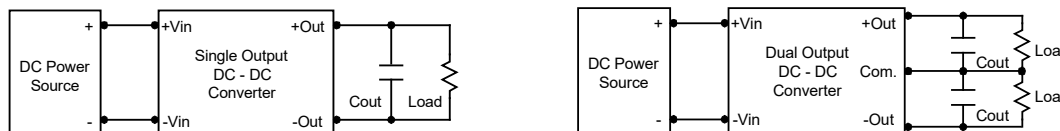
Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance ($ESR < 1.0\Omega$ at 100 kHz) capacitor of a $8.2\mu F$ for the $5V$ input devices, a $3.3\mu F$ for the $12V$ input devices and a $1.5\mu F$ for the $24V$ devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use $3.3\mu F$ capacitors at the output.



Maximum Capacitive Load

The MIW1500 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend $220\mu F$ maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and $470\mu F$ capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below $100^\circ C$.

The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

