



# **MKE15-HI Series EC Note**

DC-DC CONVERTER 15W, Ultra-high I/O Isolation, 2"×1" Package

#### **Features**

- ► Industrial Standard 2"x1" Package
- ► Wide 2:1 Input Voltage Range
- ► Fully Regulated Output Voltage
- ► Ultra-high I/O Isolation 8000VDC with Reinforced Insulation, rated for 1000Vrms Working Voltage
- ▶ Operating Ambient Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- No Min. Load Requirement
- ► Under-voltage, Overload/Voltage and Short Circuit Protection
- ► EMI Emission EN55032 Class A Approved
- ► UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1(60950-1) Safety Approval & CE Marking

# **Applications**

- ➤ Distributed power architectures
- ➤ Workstations
- Computer equipment
- ► Communications equipment



#### **Product Overview**

The MINMAX MKE15-HI series is a range of high performance 15W DC-DC converter within encapsulated 2"x1" package which specifically design for high isolation applications where reinforced insulation and high working voltage are required. There are 21 models available for input voltage of 12, 24, 48VDC with wide 2:1 input range and fixed output voltage. The I/O isolation is specified for 8000VDC with reinforced insulation, which rated for 1000Vrms working voltage. Further features include under-voltage, overload, over voltage, short circuit protection, no min. load requirement, EMI emission EN 55032 Class A approved, low I/O capacitance 80pF max. and operating ambient temp. range by -40°C to 85°C by high efficiency up to 90%. MKE15-HI series conform to UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1 (60950-1) safety approvals. The MKE15-HI series offer a superior solution for demanding application in requesting a certified supplementary.

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<b>Model Selection</b>	Guide										
Model	Input	Output	Output	Inp	out	Reflected	Over	Max. capacitive	Efficiency		
Number	Voltage	Voltage	Current	Cur	Current		Voltage	Load	(typ.)		
	(Range)		Max.	@Max. Load	@No Load	Current	Protection		@Max. Load		
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA(typ.)	mA (typ.)	mA(typ.)	VDC	μF	%		
MKE15-12S05HI		5	3000	1471			6.2	5100	85		
MKE15-12S051HI		5.1	3000	1500			6.2	5100	85		
MKE15-12S12HI	40	12	1250	1420			15	870	88		
MKE15-12S15HI	12	15	1000	1420	20	20	100	100	18	560	88
MKE15-12S24HI	(9 ~ 18)	24	625	1420				27	220	88	
MKE15-12D12HI		±12	±625	1420					±15	440#	88
MKE15-12D15HI		±15	±500	1404			±18	280#	89		
MKE15-24S05HI		5	3000	718				6.2	5100	87	
MKE15-24S051HI		5.1	3000	733			6.2	5100	87		
MKE15-24S12HI	24	12	1250	710			15	870	88		
MKE15-24S15HI	(18 ~ 36)	15	1000	702	15	50	18	560	89		
MKE15-24S24HI	(10 ~ 30)	24	625	694			27	220	90		
MKE15-24D12HI		±12	±625	694			±15	440#	90		
MKE15-24D15HI		±15	±500	702			±18	280#	89		
MKE15-48S05HI		5	3000	359			6.2	5100	87		
MKE15-48S051HI		5.1	3000	366			6.2	5100	87		
MKE15-48S12HI	48	12	1250	359			15	870	87		
MKE15-48S15HI	(36 ~ 75)	15	1000	347	10	10 30	18	560	90		
MKE15-48S24HI	(30 ~ 13)	24	625	351			27	220	89		
MKE15-48D12HI		±12	±625	351			±15	440#	89		
MKE15-48D15HI		±15	±500	355			±18	280#	88		

# For each output

Input Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions / Model	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	12V Input Models	-0.7		25	
Input Surge Voltage (100 ms max.)	24V Input Models	-0.7		50	
	48V Input Models	-0.7		100	
	12V Input Models			9	
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	24V Input Models			18	VDC
	48V Input Models			36	
	12V Input Models		7.5		
Under Voltage Shutdown	24V Input Models		15		
	48V Input Models		33		
Start Up Time (Power On)	Nominal Vin and Constant Resistive Load			30	ms
Input Filter	All Models		Interna	l Pi Type	

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Output Specifications								
Parameter		Conditions / Model		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy							±1.0	%Vnom.
Output Voltage Balance		Dual Output, Ba	lanced L	oads.			±2.0	%
Line Regulation		Vin=Min. to Max	k. @Full	Load			±0.5	%
	1 00/	Single Output				±0.5	%	
Load Regulation	10=0%	Io=0% to 100% Dual Output		Dual Output			±1.0	%
Minimum Load		No minimum Load		d Requiremen	t			
	0.001411	5V & 5.1\	<b>/</b> o			50		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise	0-20 MHz	12V,15V, ±12V	/, ±15Vo Measured with a		100		mV <sub>P-P</sub>	
	Bandwidth	24Vo		MLCC : 4.7µF		150		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Transient Recovery Time		050/1 10/					300	μsec
Transient Response Deviation		25% Load Step Change <sub>(2)</sub>			±3	±5	%	
Temperature Coefficient						±0.02	%/°C	
Over Load Protection		Hiccup			150		%	
Short Circuit Protection		Co	ntinuous	s, Automatic Recove	ry (Hiccup Mo	de 0.7Hz typ.	)	

Isolation, Safety Standards							
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
	60 Seconds	4200			VAC		
I/O Isolation Voltage	Reinforced insulation, rated for 1000Vrms working voltage	4200			VAO		
	Tested for 1 second	8000			VDC		
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	10			GΩ		
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V			80	pF		
Cofety Approvale	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition (UL certi	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-report)					
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 62368-1 recognition (UL certi	UL/cUL 62368-1 recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 62368-1(CB-report)					

General Specifications						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Switching Frequency			285		kHz	
MTBF(calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	1,428,181			Hours	

EMC Specifications					
Parameter		Standards & Level			
EMI	Conduction	EN 55022	Without outernal components	Class A	
EIVII	Radiation EN 55032		Without external components	Class A	
	EN 55035				
	ESD	Direct discharge	Indirect discharge HCP & VCP		
	E9D	EN 61000-4-2 Air ± 15kV	Contact ± 8kV	A	
EMC	Radiated immunity	EN 61	A		
EMS <sub>(5)</sub>	Fast transient	EN 61000-4-4 ±2kV		Α	
	Surge	EN 6°	1000-4-5 ±1kV	A	
	Conducted immunity	EN 61000-4-6 10Vrms		A	
	PFMF	EN 610	000-4-8 100A/m	A	

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Environmental Specifications				
Parameter	Conditions / Model	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range Nominal Vin, Load 100% Inom. (for Power Derating see relative Derating Curves)	MKE15-24S24HI, MKE15-24D12HI, MKE15-48S15HI  MKE15-12D15HI, MKE15-24S15HI, MKE15-24D15HI  MKE15-48S24HI, MKE15-48D12HI		73	
			70	
			70	
	MKE15-12S12HI, MKE15-12S15HI, MKE15-12S24HI	40	68	°C
	MKE15-12D12HI, MKE15-24S12HI, MKE15-48D15HI	-40		
	MKE15-24S05HI, MKE15-24S051HI, MKE15-48S05HI		65	
	MKE15-48S051HI, MKE15-48S12HI			
	MKE15-12S05HI, MKE15-12S051HI		59	
Thermal Impedance		13		°C/W
Case Temperature			+95	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)			95	% rel. H
Altitude			4000	m
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)			260	°C

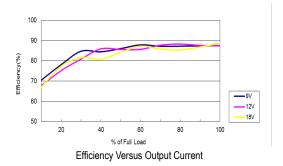
#### Notes

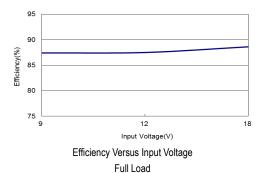
- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
- 3 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 4 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 5 The external components might be required to meet EMS standard for some of test items. Please contact MINMAX for the solution in detail.
- 6 Specifications are subject to change without notice.
- The repeated high voltage isolation testing of the converter can degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction, environment and reflow solder process. Any material is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage. Furthermore, the high voltage isolation capability after reflow solder process should be evaluated as it is applied on system.

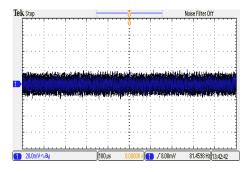
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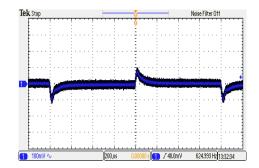


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-12S05HI  $\,$ 



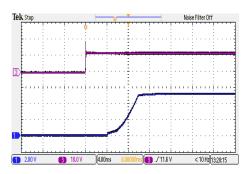


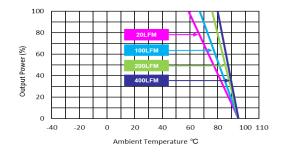




Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 



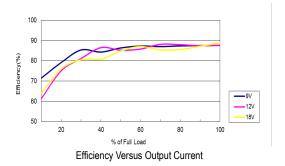


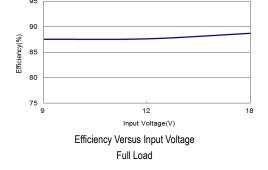
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 

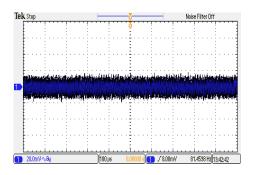
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

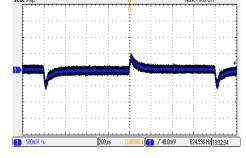


All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MKE15-12S051HI



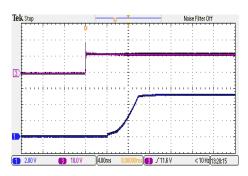


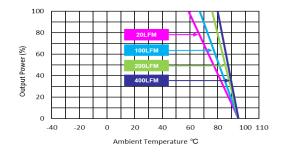




Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 

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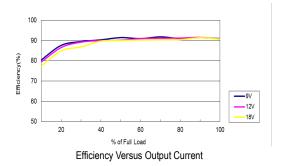


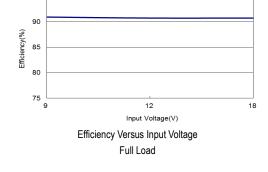
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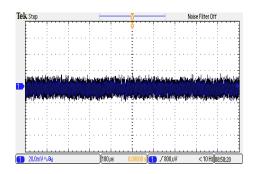
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in norm}}$ 

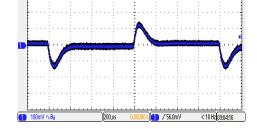


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-12S12HI  $\,$ 



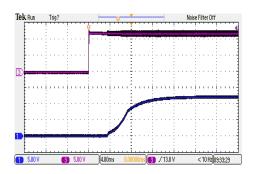


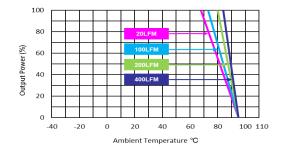




Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 



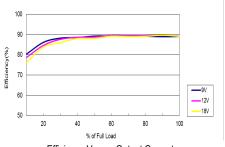


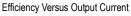
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 

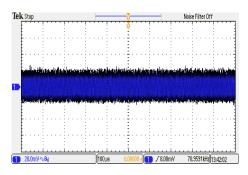
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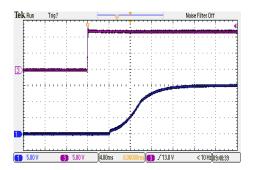
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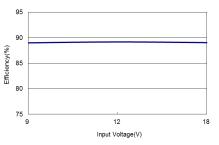




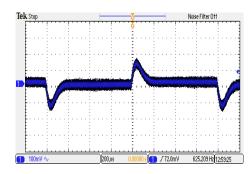
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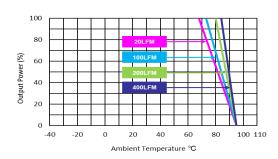
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



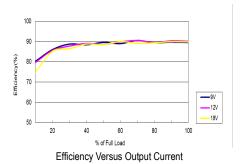
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

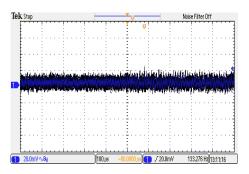


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

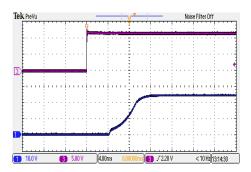


All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MKE15-12S24HI

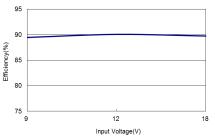




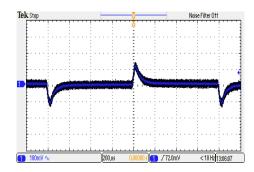
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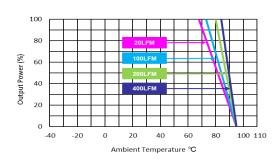
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



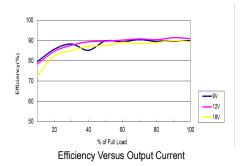
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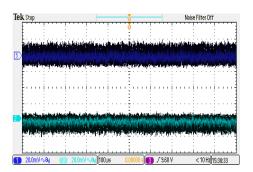


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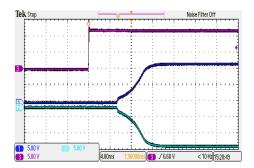


All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MKE15-12D12HI

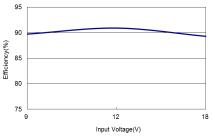




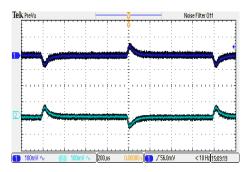
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



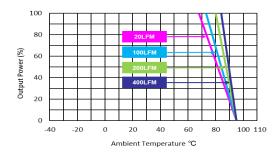
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



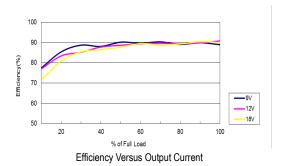
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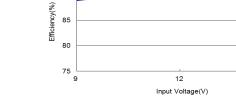


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 



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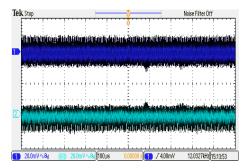




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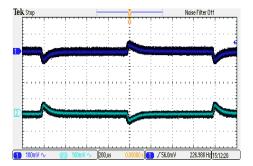
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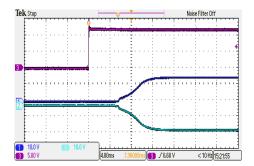
60 40



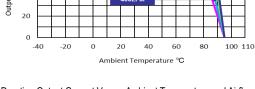
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load







Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

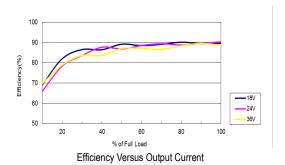


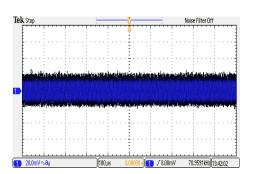
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \ ; \ \text{Full Load}$ 

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

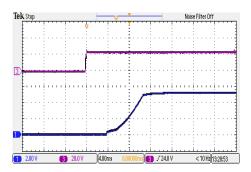


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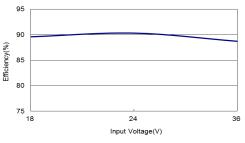




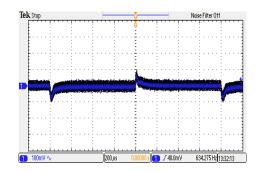
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



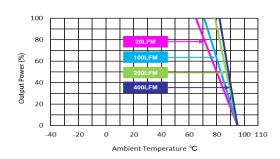
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



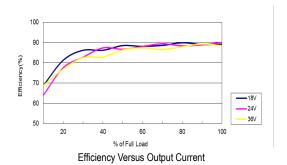
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{\text{in}}$ = $V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

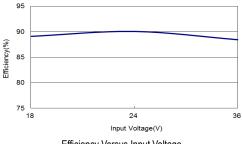


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 



All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MKE15-24S051HI





Tekstop

Noise Fiter Off

Noise Fiter Off

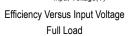
Tekstop

Noise Fiter Off

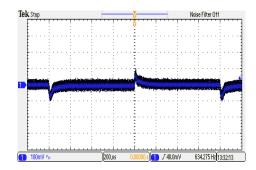
Tekstop

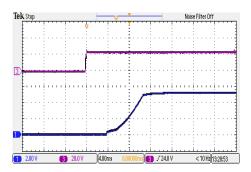
Noise Fiter Off

Nois



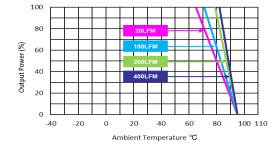






Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

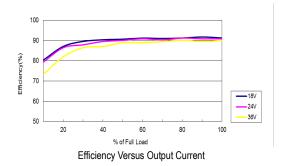


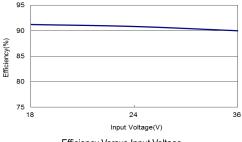


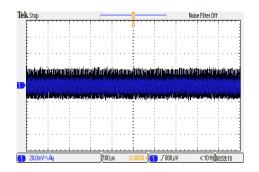
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}}$ = $V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

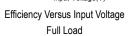


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-24S12HI  $\,$ 

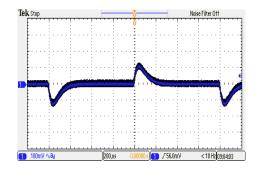


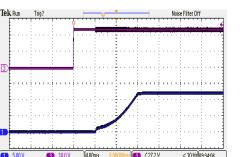




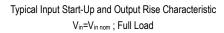


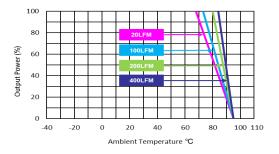






Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in\,nom}$ 

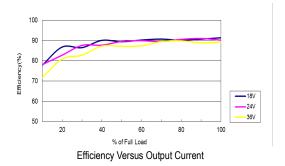


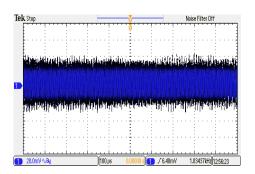


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}}$ = $V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

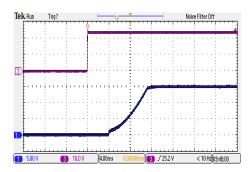


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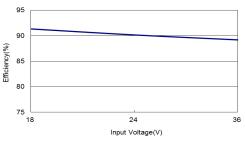




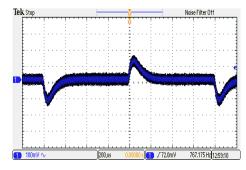
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



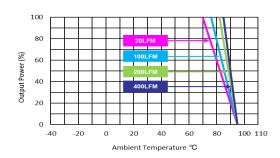
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



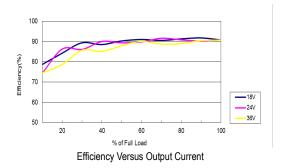
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

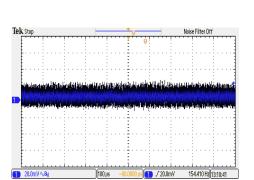


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}}$ = $V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

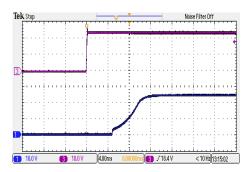


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-24S24HI  $\,$ 

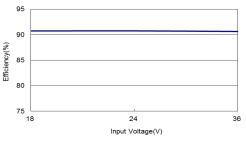




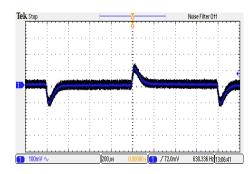
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



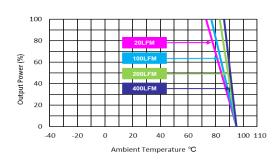
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



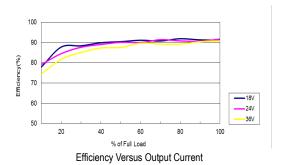
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

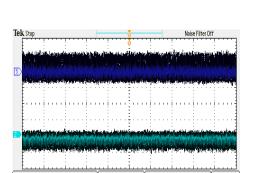


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

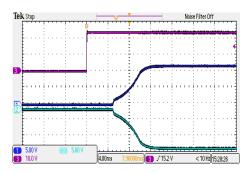


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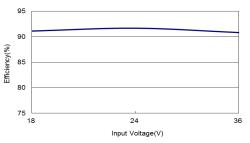




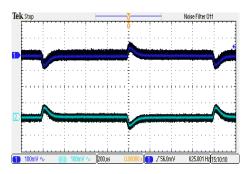
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



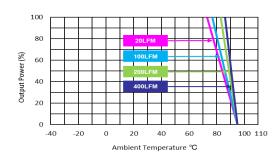
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



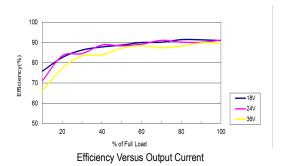
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

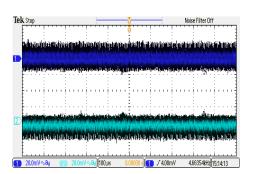


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

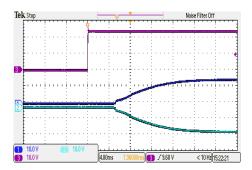


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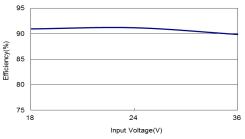




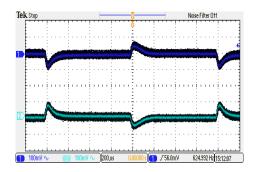
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



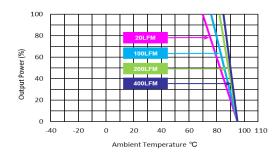
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



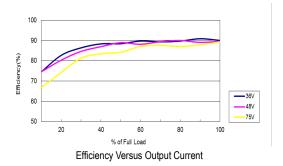
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

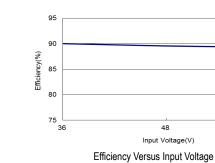


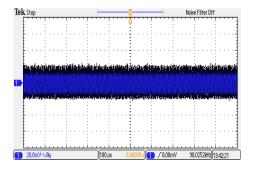
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

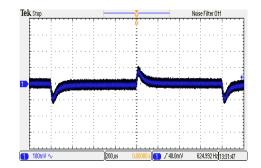


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-48S05HI  $\,$ 





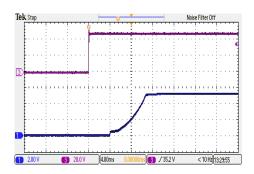


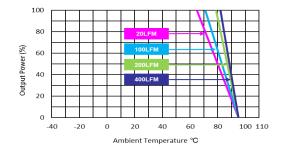


Full Load

Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 



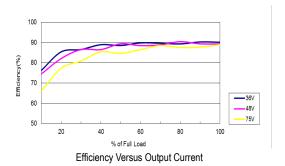


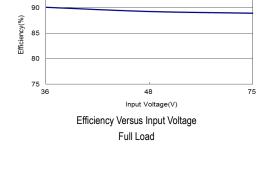
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

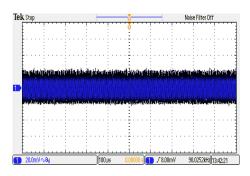
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in norm}}$ 

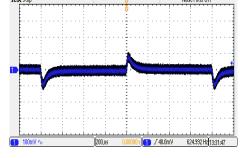


All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MKE15-48S051HI



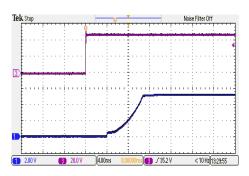


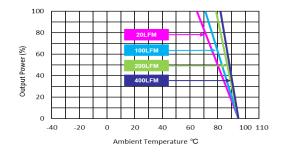




Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 



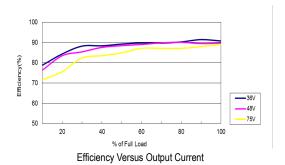


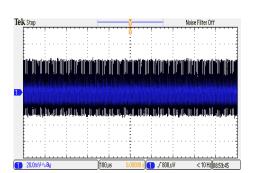
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in norm}}$ 

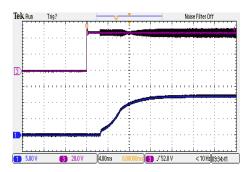


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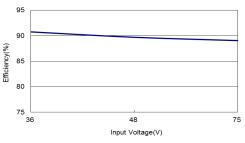




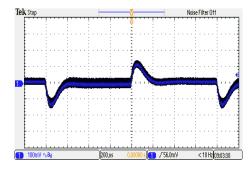
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



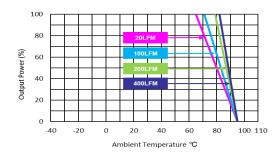
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\text{ ; Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



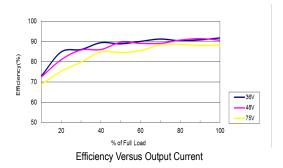
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

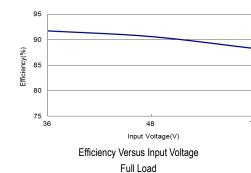


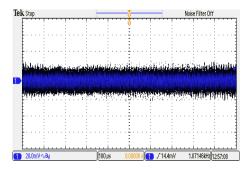
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

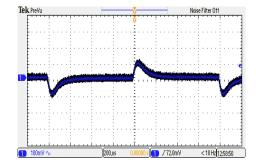


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-48S15HI  $\,$ 



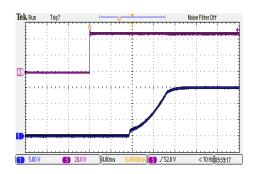


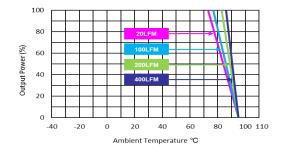




Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in}$  nom; Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 



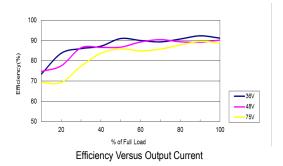


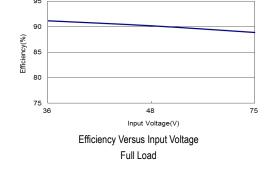
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

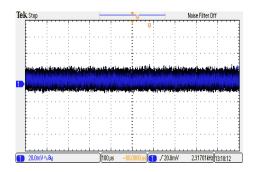
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in norm}}$ 

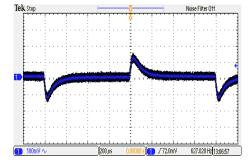


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-48S24HI  $\,$ 



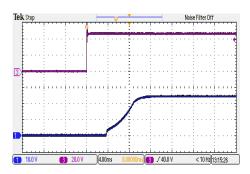


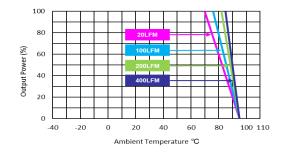




Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 



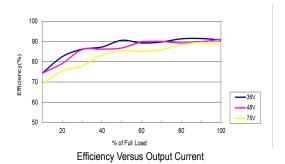


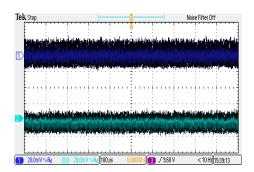
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

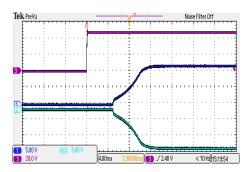


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-48D12HI  $\,$ 

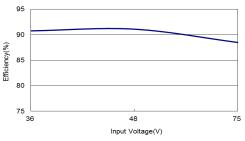




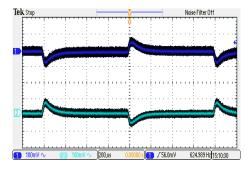
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load



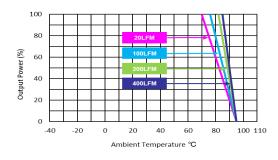
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



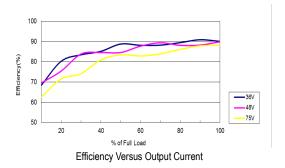
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 

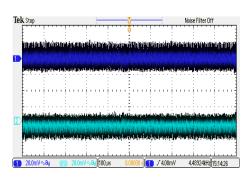


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

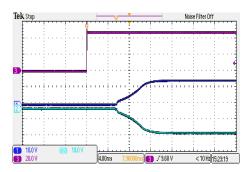


All test conditions are at 25°C  $\,$  The figures are identical for MKE15-48D15HI  $\,$ 

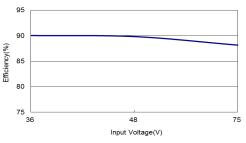




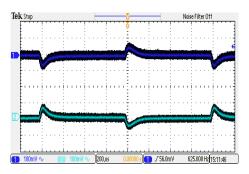
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



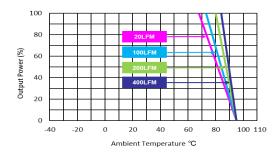
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 



Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 



# **Package Specifications** Mechanical Dimensions 5.08 5.08 (0.200) (0.200) 45.72 [1.800] **Bottom View**

Pin Connections					
Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	Diameter mm (inches)		
1	+Vin	+Vin	Ø 1.0 [0.04]		
2	-Vin	-Vin	Ø 1.0 [0.04]		
3	+Vout	+Vout	Ø 1.0 [0.04]		
4	No Pin	Common	Ø 1.0 [0.04]		
5	-Vout	-Vout	Ø 1.0 [0.04]		

- ► All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ➤ Tolerance: X.X±0.5 (X.XX±0.02)

X.XX±0.25 (X.XXX±0.01)

► Pin diameter tolerance: X.X±0.05 (X.XX±0.002)

## **Physical Characteristics**

10.16 [0.400]

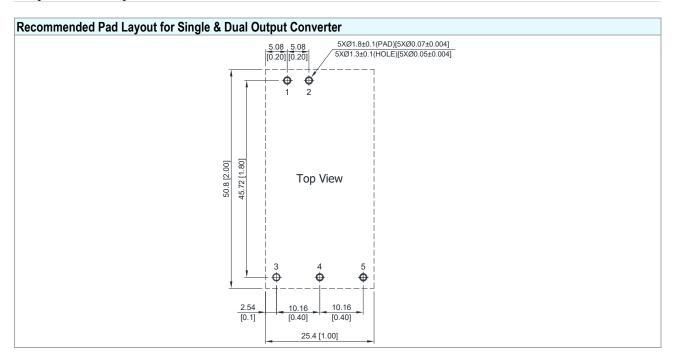
10.16 [0.400]

Case Size 50.8x25.4x12.0mm (2.0x1.0x0.47 inches) Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated) Case Material

2.54 [0.100]

Pin Material Copper Alloy

Weight



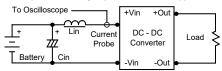
12.0 [0.47]



#### **Test Setup**

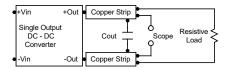
## Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

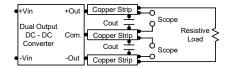
Input reflected-ripple current is measured with a inductor Lin  $(4.7\mu\text{H})$  and Cin  $(220\mu\text{F}, \text{ESR} < 1.0\Omega \text{ at } 100 \text{ kHz})$  to simulate source impedance. Capacitor Cin, offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 kHz.



#### Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a Cout 4.7µF ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.





#### **Technical Notes**

#### Overload Protection

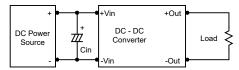
To provide hiccup mode protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure overload for an unlimited duration.

#### Overvoltage Protection

The output overvoltage clamp consists of control circuitry, which is independent of the primary regulation loop, that monitors the voltage on the output terminals. The control loop of the clamp has a higher voltage set point than the primary loop. This provides a redundant voltage control that reduces the risk of output overvoltage. The OVP level can be found in the output data.

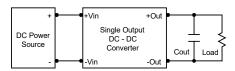
#### Input Source Impedance

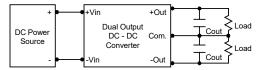
The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor on the input to insure startup. By using a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR <  $1.0\Omega$  at 100 kHz) capacitor of a  $10\mu$ F for the 12V input devices and a  $4.7\mu$ F for the 24V input devices and a  $2.2\mu$ F for the 48V devices, capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit.



#### Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use  $4.7\mu F$  capacitors at the output.



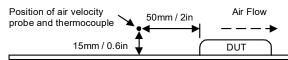


#### Maximum Capacitive Load

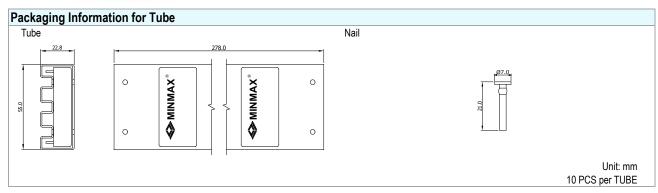
The MKE15-HI series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance on the output. The power module may operate in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. Connect capacitors at the point of load for best performance. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

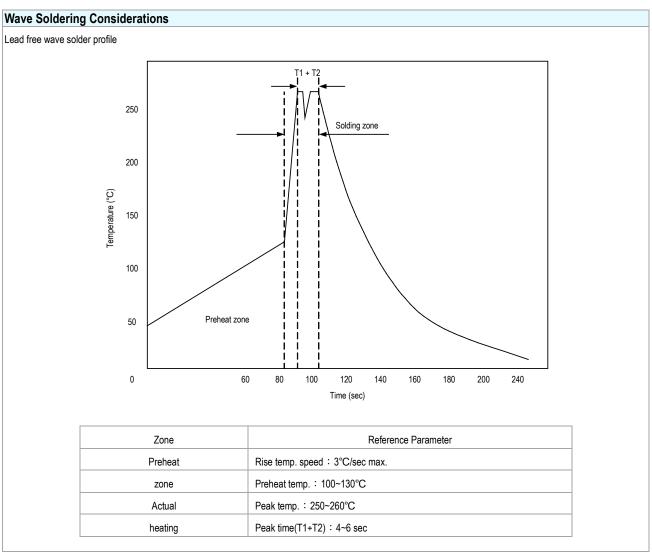
#### Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 95°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.







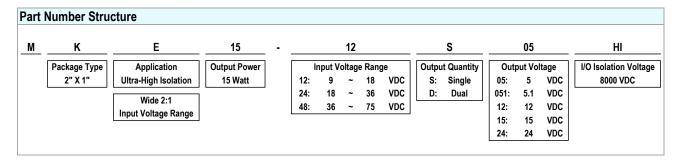


## **Hand Welding Parameter**

Reference Solder: Sn-Ag-Cu : Sn-Cu : Sn-Ag
Hand Welding: Soldering iron : Power 60W

Welding Time: 2~4 sec
Temp.: 380~400°C





## MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of MKE15-HI series of DC-DC converters has been calculated using

MIL-HDBK 217F NOTICE2, Operating Temperature 25°C, Ground Benign.

Model	MTBF	Unit
MKE15-12S05HI	1,428,181	
MKE15-12S051HI	1,428,181	
MKE15-12S12HI	1,927,407	
MKE15-12S15HI	2,026,516	
MKE15-12S24HI	1,780,163	
MKE15-12D12HI	1,780,163	
MKE15-12D15HI	2,108,738	
MKE15-24S05HI	1,646,820	
MKE15-24S051HI	1,646,820	
MKE15-24S12HI	1,975,949	
MKE15-24S15HI	2,068,481	Hours
MKE15-24S24HI	2,019,674	
MKE15-24D12HI	2,019,674	
MKE15-24D15HI	2,134,001	
MKE15-48S05HI	1,749,638	
MKE15-48S051HI	1,749,638	
MKE15-48S12HI	1,866,230	
MKE15-48S15HI	1,953,706	
MKE15-48S24HI	1,809,937	
MKE15-48D12HI	1,809,937	
MKE15-48D15HI	2,031,988	